

## 8.4 - Matrix Exponential

Recall that  $e^x = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{k!} = 1 + x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \dots$  This is the power series representation for the exponential function. In the same way, we can define a matrix exponential.

**Definition:** For any  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$ ,

$$e^{At} = \mathbf{I} + \mathbf{A}t + \mathbf{A}^2 \frac{t^2}{2!} + \dots + \mathbf{A}^k \frac{t^k}{k!} + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \mathbf{A}^k \frac{t^k}{k!}$$

**Example:** Compute  $e^{At}$  and  $e^{-At}$ .

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

[illegible]

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Consider  $\mathbf{X}' = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{X}$ . If  $\mathbf{X} = e^{\mathbf{A}t}\mathbf{C}$ , then  $\mathbf{X}' = \frac{d}{dt}(e^{\mathbf{A}t}\mathbf{C})$ . To find  $\frac{d}{dt}(e^{\mathbf{A}t})$ , we use the definition:

$$\frac{d}{dt}(e^{\mathbf{A}t}) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \mathbf{I} + \mathbf{A}t + \mathbf{A}^2 \frac{t^2}{2!} + \mathbf{A}^3 \frac{t^3}{3!} + \dots \right)$$

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$$\mathbf{X}' = \mathbf{A}e^{\mathbf{A}t}\mathbf{C}$$

So for  $\mathbf{X}' = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{X}$ , with  $\mathbf{A}$  containing constant entries,  $\mathbf{X} = e^{\mathbf{A}t}\mathbf{C}$  is a solution. (Note:  $\mathbf{C}$  is a column matrix of arbitrary coefficients.)

**Example:** Use the matrix exponential to find the general solution of the given system.

$$\mathbf{X}' = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{X}$$


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Initial-value problems

$e^{\mathbf{A}t} = \Phi$  is the fundamental matrix for the system, so variation of parameters yields, the general solution

$$\mathbf{X} = e^{\mathbf{A}t}\mathbf{C} + e^{\mathbf{A}t} \int_{t_0}^t e^{-\mathbf{A}s}\mathbf{F}(s)ds$$

Note:  $e^{-\mathbf{A}s}$  is  $e^{\mathbf{A}t}$  with  $t$  replaced by  $-s$ . In our work, we will take  $t_0 = 0$ .

**Example:** Find the general solution of the given system.

$$\mathbf{X}' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{X} + \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

[illegible]

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**Example:** Solve the given system by diagonalizing the coefficient matrix.

$$\mathbf{X}' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{X}$$

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